PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter I of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Rule 44bis)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 10177-118-28	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See item 4 below	
International application No. PCT/US2004/023187	International filing date (day/month/year) 16 July 2004 (16.07.2004)	Priority date (day/month/year) 17 July 2003 (17.07.2003)	
International Patent Classification (8th See relevant information in Form F	n edition unless older edition indicated) PCT/ISA/237		
Applicant BOSTON SCIENTIFIC LIMITED			

1.	This international preliminary report on patentability (Chapter I) is issued by the International Bureau on behalf of the International Searching Authority under Rule 44 bis.1(a).		
2.	This REPORT consists of a total of 8 sheets, including this cover sheet. In the attached sheets, any reference to the written opinion of the International Searching Authority should be read as a reference to the international preliminary report on patentability (Chapter I) instead.		
3.	This report contains indications re	elating to the following items:	
	Box No. I	Basis of the report	
	Box No. II	Priority	
	Box No. III	Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability	
	Box No. IV	Lack of unity of invention	
	Box No. V	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement	
	Box No. VI	Certain documents cited	
	Box No. VII	Certain defects in the international application	
	Box No. VIII	Certain observations on the international application	
4.	The International Bureau will connot, except where the applicant in date (Rule 44bis .2).	mmunicate this report to designated Offices in accordance with Rules 44bis.3(c) and 93bis.1 but nakes an express request under Article 23(2), before the expiration of 30 months from the priority	

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHOR To: see form PCT/ISA/220		WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORIT (PCT Rule 43bis.1)		
Applicant's or agent's file reference see form PCT/ISA/220		Date of mailing (day/month/year) see f FOR FURTHER A(See paragraph 2 below	orm PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)	
International application No.	nternational filing date <i>(day)</i> 6.07.2004	/month/year)	Priority date <i>(day/monthlyear)</i> 17.07.2003	
Applicant SCIMED LIFE SYSTEMS, INC.				
 ☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of interpretation ☐ Box No. V ☐ Box No. VI ☐ Box No. VII ☐ Box No. VIII ☐ Box No. VIII ☐ Certain observation 	on at of opinion with regard vention ent under Rule 43 <i>bis</i> .1(a ons and explanations su	to novelty, inventive (a)(i) with regard to no upporting such staten	step and industrial applicability ovelty, inventive step or industrial nent	
 FURTHER ACTION If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will usually be considered to be a written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA"). However, this does not apply where the applicant chooses an Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has notified the International Bureau under Rule 66.1bis(b) that written opinions of this International Searching Authority will not be so considered. If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of three months from the date of mailing of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later. For further options, see Form PCT/ISA/220. For further details, see notes to Form PCT/ISA/220. 				
Name and mailing address of the ISA:	A	Authorized Officer		

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International application No. PCT/US2004/023187

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	Box No. I Basis of the opinion	
1.	With regard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of the international applicate the language in which it was field, unless otherwise indicated under this item.	tion in
	This opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the follanguage, which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)).	ollowing ch
2.	With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application a necessary to the claimed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:	ınd
	a. type of material:	
	☐ a sequence listing	
	☐ table(s) related to the sequence listing	
	b. format of material:	•
	☐ in written format	
	☐ in computer readable form	
	c. time of filing/furnishing:	
	□ contained in the international application as filed.	
•	filed together with the international application in computer readable form.	
	furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.	
3.	In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or addition copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.	ากอไ
1	Additional comments:	

International application No. PCT/US2004/023187

Bo	x No. II	Priority
		THOREY
1. 🛛	The fo	llowing document has not been furnished:
٠	\boxtimes	copy of the earlier application whose priority has been claimed (Rule 43bis.1 and 66.7(a)).
		translation of the earlier application whose priority has been claimed (Rule 43bis.1 and 66.7(b)).
	Conse neverti	quently it has not been possible to consider the validity of the priority claim. This opinion has neless been established on the assumption that the relevant date is the claimed priority date.
2. 🗆	nas be	oinion has been established as if no priority had been claimed due to the fact that the priority claim en found invalid (Rules 43 <i>bis</i> .1 and 64.1). Thus for the purposes of this opinion, the international ate indicated above is considered to be the relevant date.
3. Additional observations, if necessary:		

International application No. PCT/US2004/023187

Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability			
The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:			
	the entire international application,		
\boxtimes	claims Nos. 1 - 41 (with respect to industrial application)		
be	cause:		
	the said international application, or the said claims Nos. 1 - 41 relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (specify):		
	see separate sheet		
	the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):		
	the claims, or said claims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.		
	no international search report has been established for the whole application or for said claims Nos.		
	the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing does not comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions in that:		
•	the written form		has not been furnished
*1	1		does not comply with the standard
	the computer readable form		has not been furnished
			does not comply with the standard
	the tables related to the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing, if in computer readable form only, do not comply with the technical requirements provided for in Annex C-bis of the Administrative Instructions.		
	See separate sheet for further of	letail	's

International application No. PCT/US2004/023187

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

Claims

1 - 41

No:

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

1 - 41

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

no opinion

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

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Present application concerns a method for producing a decellularised extracellular matrix material (ECM) and/or a tissue regeneration scaffold containing a biological material such as VEGF. The produced "material" is to be used for implantation/injection into a patient. The claimed method comprises the steps 1) conditioning the body tissue of a donor animal to produce the biological material, 2) allowing the conditioned body tissue to produce the biological material, 3) harvesting the body tissue and d) decellularising the conditioned body tissue to contain the extracellular matrix. Methods as well as decellularised ECM, respectively implantable medical devices comprising a surface containing said ECM are claimed.

Re Item III

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

III.1 Claims 1 - 41 relate to subject-matter considered by this Authority to be covered by the provisions of Rule 67.1(iv) PCT. Consequently, no opinion will be formulated with respect to the industrial applicability of the subject-matter of these claims (Article 34(4)(a)(i) PCT).

Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

- V.1 The available prior art documents disclose prostheses having components that have been modified with a polypeptide growth factor such as VEGF wherein VEGF is joined with the substrate by direct contact in solution (D1), methods for preparing biological implants by removing cellular components and forming an extracellular matrix wherein the tissue is fixed by cross linking (D2), methods of improving decellularisation of matrices or tissue engineered biomaterials prior to implantation (D3), and bioprosthetic implants comprising an extracellular matrix having collagen and elastin components (D4). None of the available prior art documents refers to a method for producing a decellularized ECM containing a biological material wherein the method comprises an conditioning of the body tissue of the donor animal in order to produce said biological material. Hence, the subject matter of claims 1 41 is considered as novel since it is not anticipated by the available prior art and it complies with the requirements of Article 33(1) and (2) PCT.
- V.2 Since none of the available prior art alone or in combination with another one

- suggests a method for producing a decellularised ECM containing a biological material wherein the method comprises conditioning of the body tissue of the donor animal in order to produce said biological material, the subject matter of claims 1 41 appears to be inventive (Article 33(3) PCT).
- V.3 For the assessment of the present claims 1 41 on the question whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exist in the PCT Contracting States. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognize as industrially applicable the subject-matter of claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment, but may allow, however, claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a medicament for a new medical treatment.

Re Item VIII

Certain observations on the international application

1) Claims 1, 27, 31, and 35 - 37 do not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT. The term "conditioning body tissue" used in said claims is vague and unclear and leaves the reader in doubt as to the meaning of the technical feature to which it refers, thereby rendering the definition of the subject-matter of said claims unclear. In addition, the matter for which protection is sought is not defined in said claims. The claims attempt to define the subject-matter in terms of the result to be achieved which merely amounts to a statement of the underlying problem, without providing the technical features necessary for achieving this result.